Protocol Deep Dive: QUIC

An Introduction to QUIC



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QUIC - The TCP Killer?

QUIC (not an acronym) is a general-purpose, reliable transport protocol for web and other applications – over UDP.

In short – designed to accelerate web application delivery and make it more secure.

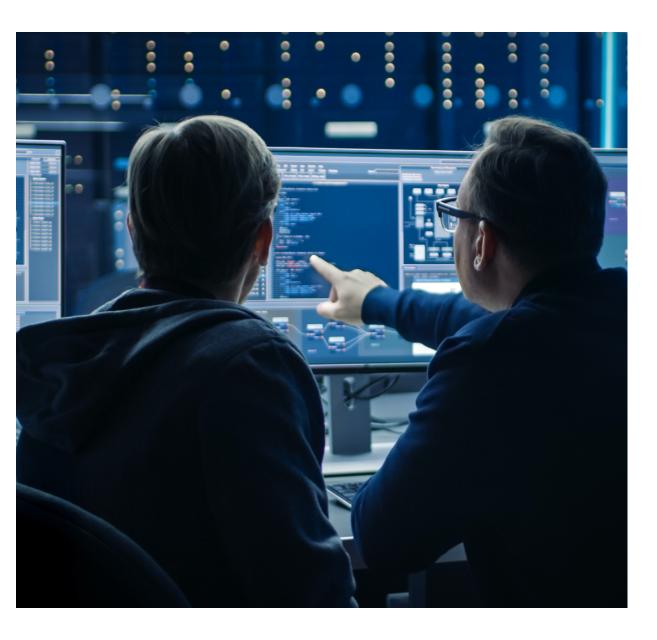
Who Uses QUIC?











Network Engineers
DevOps
SecOps

App Developers

Module Overview



Why Replace TCP?

QUIC Fundamentals

- The History of QUIC
- The QUIC Protocol Stack
- How is QUIC Secured?

QUIC - The Pathway to HTTP/3

Hands-On with Wireshark and QUIC

Why Replace TCP?

The Transmission Control Protocol

SYN

SYN/ACK

ACK

RFC 793 - September 1981

- Improvements in options since
- Congestion Control Algorithms

Reliable, connection-oriented

Used to carry most application traffic in the world.

HTTP 0.9 over TCP

1991 - **Drove WWW**

Only the GET method

HTTP 1.1 over TCP

RFC 2616 - January 1997

Pipelining over one connection. SSL

HTTP/3 over UDP

Close to RFC - 2021 Multiplexed, Uses QUIC

HTTP 1.0 over TCP

RFC 1945 - May 1996

New methods. Single request, single connection.

HTTP/2 over TLS/TCP

RFC 7540 - May 2015

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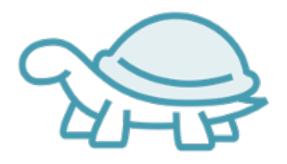
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Why Replace TCP?

It's time to move on for the web.



Limited Room to Change

Not much room in header. Network adjusts all it can.



Head of line blocking

Each connection is single stream, loss causes bottleneck



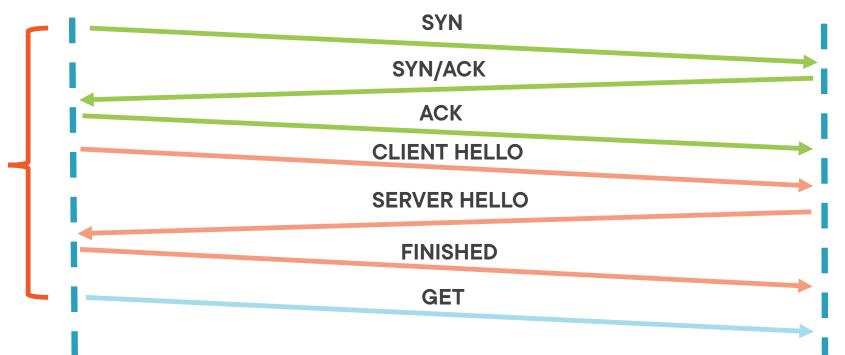
Network Round-Trips

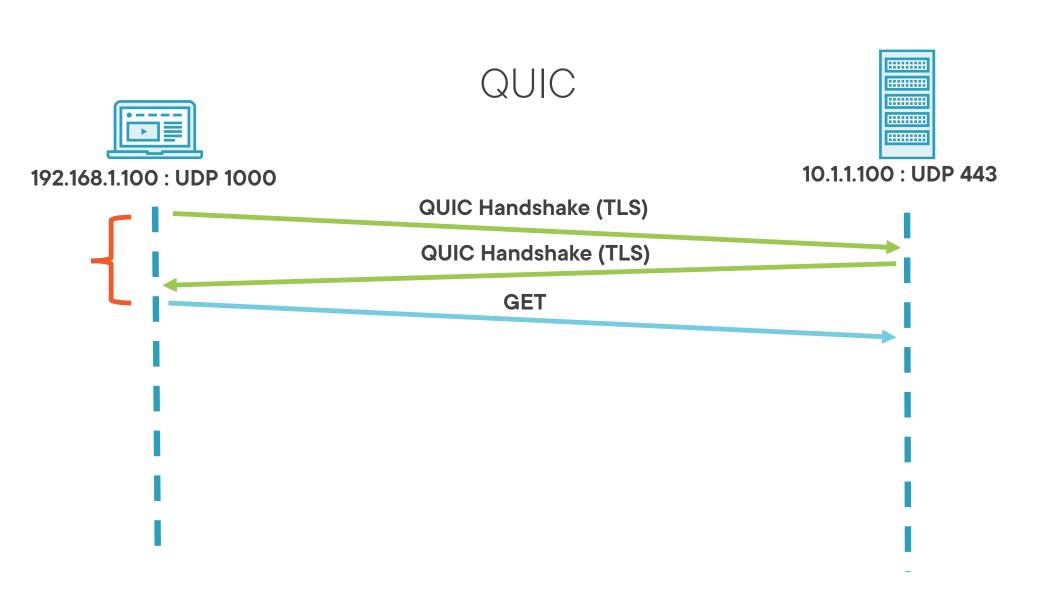
The TCP and TLS
Handshakes take several
roundtrips

Network Roundtrips









TCP Header Security

```
▼ Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: https (443), Dst Port: 60731 (60731),
    Source Port: https (443)
    Destination Port: 60731 (60731)
    [Stream index: 3]
    [TCP Segment Len: 409]
    Sequence Number: 2315
                             (relative sequence number)
    Sequence Number (raw): 3269656827
                                   (relative sequence number)]
    [Next Sequence Number: 2724
    Acknowledgment Number: 2600
                                   (relative ack number)
   Acknowledgment number (raw): 3198363326
    0101 .... = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)
 ▶ Flags: 0x018 (PSH, ACK)
    Window: 72
    [Calculated window size: 73728]
    [Window size scaling factor: 1024]
    Checksum: 0xf387 [unverified]
    [Checksum Status: Unverified]
    Urgent Pointer: 0
 ▶ [SEQ/ACK analysis]
 ▶ [Timestamps]
   TCP payload (409 bytes)
```

QUIC Fundamentals

The History of QUIC - 2012

Quick UDP Internet Connections (QUIC)



The History of QUIC - 2016



The Story of QUIC – 2021 Version 1



The QUIC Protocol Stack

Standard TCP Web

HTTP/2

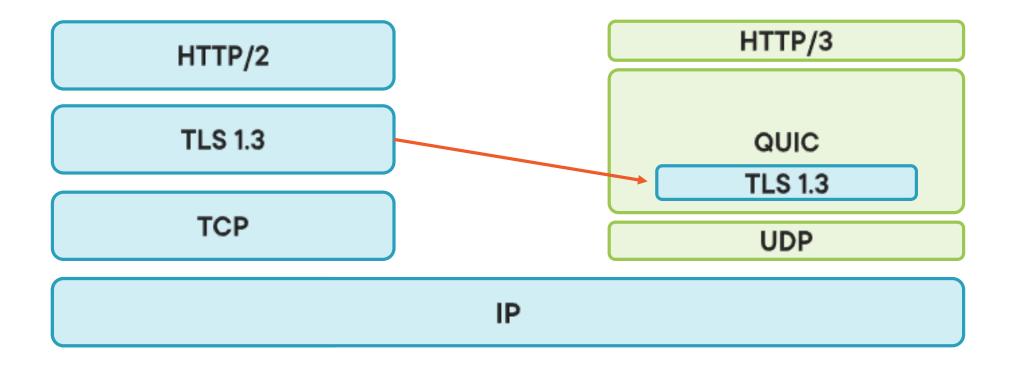
TLS 1.3

QUIC

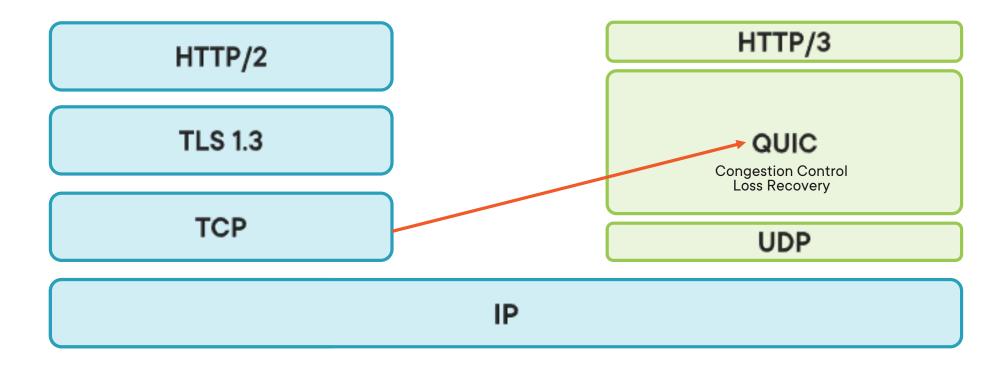
TCP

UDP

How is QUIC Secured?



What About Packet Loss/Retransmission?



Is TCP Dead?



QUIC – The Pathway to HTTP/3

Head of Line Blocking



192.168.1.100 : 1000

10.1.1.100:443

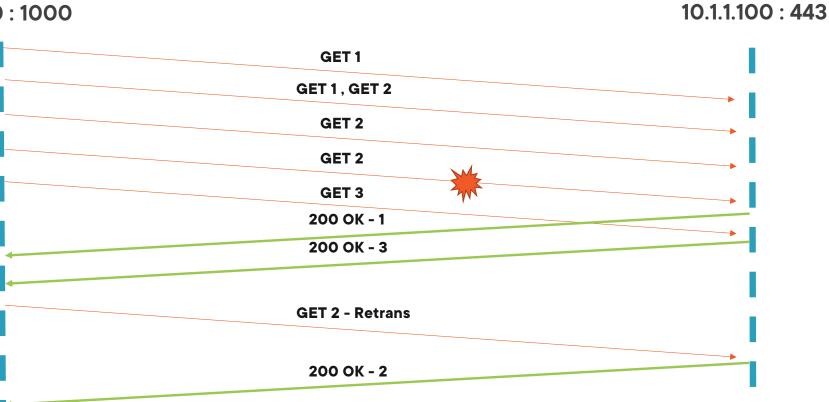


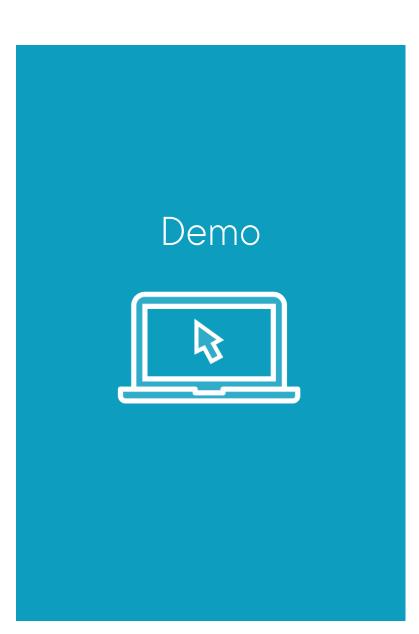
HTTP/3 Over QUIC

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192.168.1.100 : 1000





Lab 1 – Hands-On With QUIC