Protocol Deep Dive: Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)

ADDRESS RESOLUTION PROTOCOL FUNDAMENTALS



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Module Overview



Address Resolution Protocol Purpose and Function in the LAN

- ARP Messages
- ARP Cache on Hosts and Routers

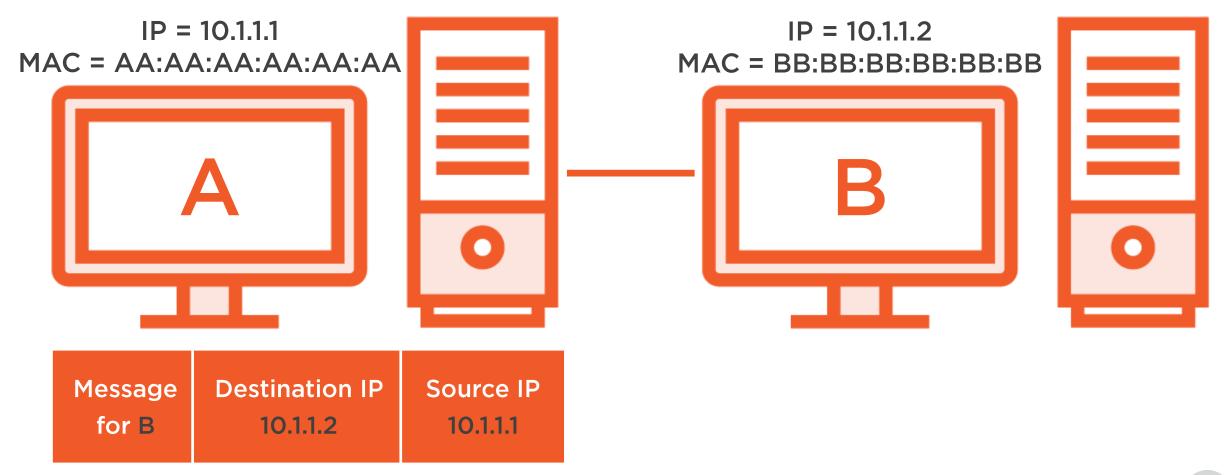
Demonstrate ARP Protocol Captures and ARP Cache Configurations

- Clear ARP Caches
- Add or Delete Static Entries
- View or Change Timers

Use ARP to Solve Common LAN Problems

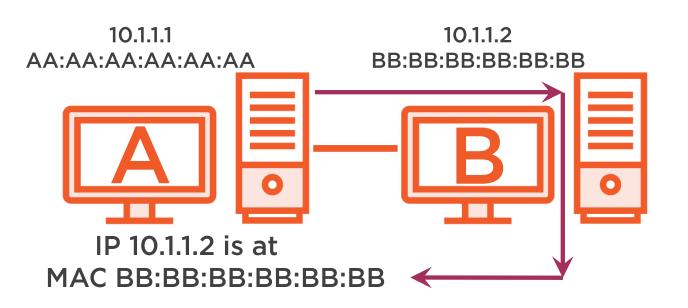


Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) Purpose





Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) Purpose



Provides Method for Mapping Known

Logical (IP) Address

To an Unknown

Physical (MAC) Address

Message for B Destination IP

Source IP 10.1.1.1

Source MAC
AA:AA:AA:AA:AA

Destination MAC BB:BB:BB:BB:BB:BB



ARP Function and Process



A system process requires sending data to another node



IP headers (source and destination) are known

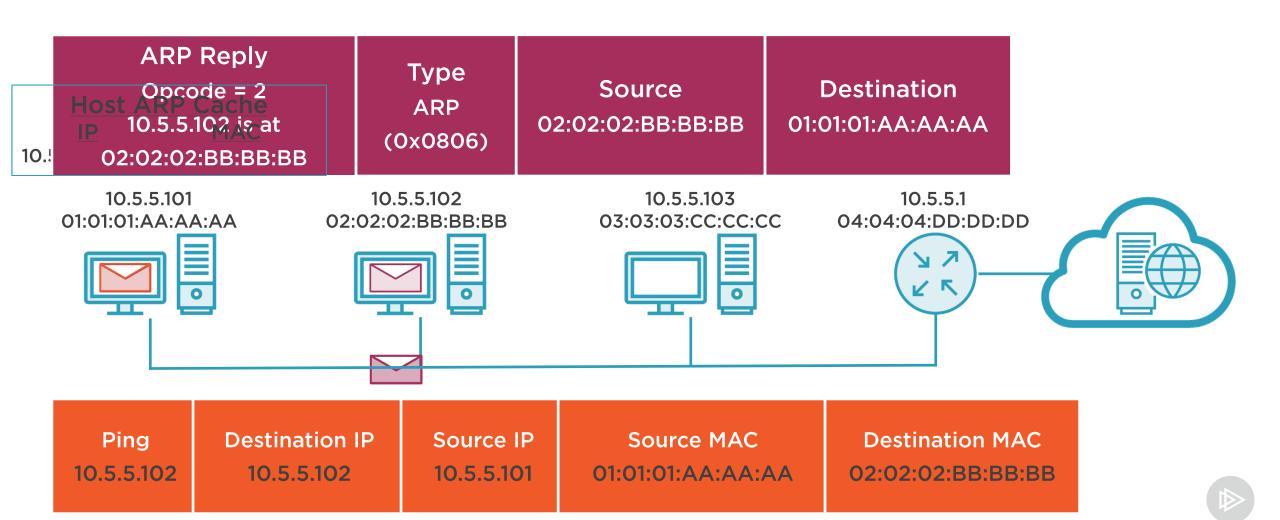
Destination physical LAN (MAC) address must be added to the data before sending



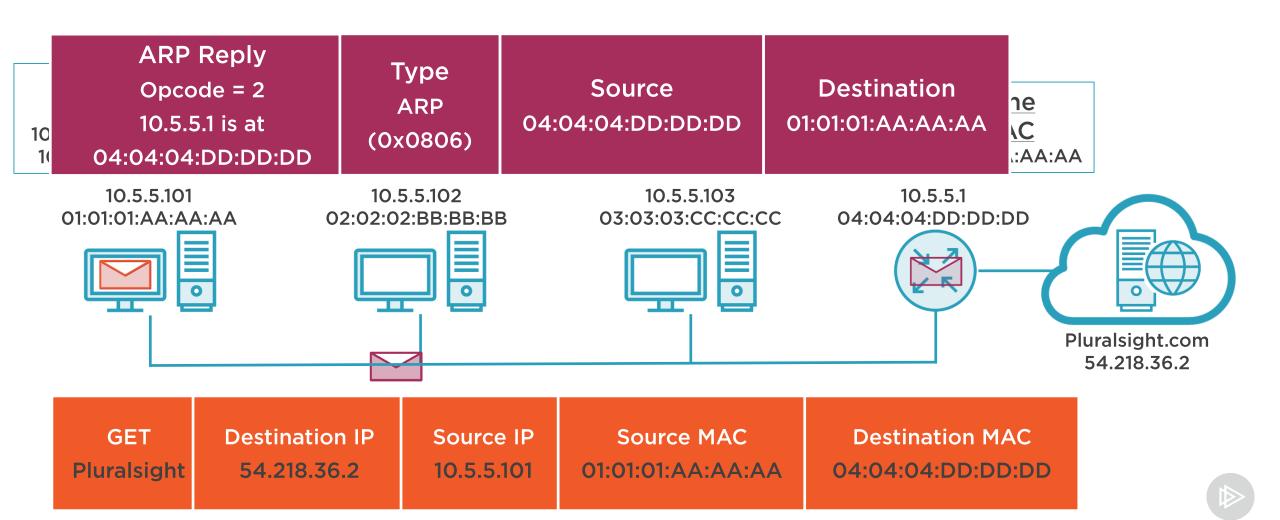
ARP provides the function to learn and cache that information



Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) Messages Resolving Hosts on the Local LAN



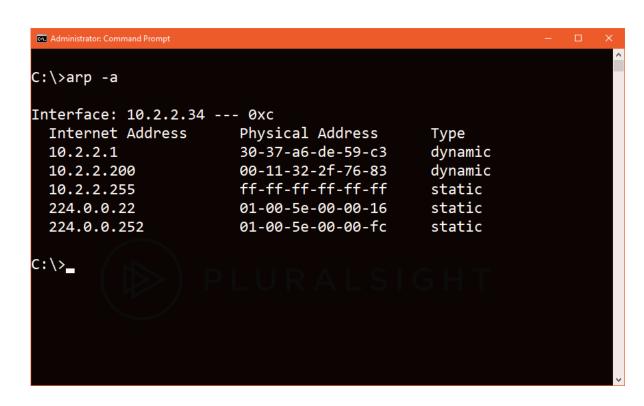
Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) Messages Data Leaving the LAN



Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) Cache



Local NIC IP = 10.2.2.34 MAC = 34-E6-D7-00-11-AA



Host ARP Cache

A Location in memory storing
IP to MAC address mappings
from dynamic and static sources



ARP Cache Details



Each active interface has ARP cache entries which can include both static and dynamic mappings



Host's dynamic ARP cache entries have a timer

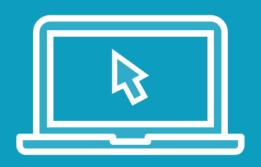


Dynamic ARP entries can be cleared forcing 're-learning'



Broadcast and multicast static entries exist, but an administrator can add or remove static entries





Capturing ARP

Viewing the ARP Cache on Hosts and Routers

Configuring ARP Cache Options

- Clearing ARP Caches
- Adding and Removing Static Entries
- Changing Timers
- Other ARP types



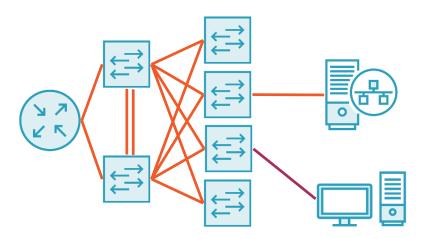


Problem: Track Down a LAN System

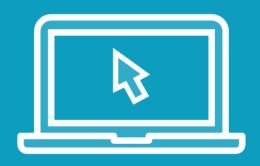
Symptoms:

- You Have a System Name or IP
- Must Find the Specific Switch Port to Which the System Is Connected
- The LAN May Be Complex, Large and/or Not Well Mapped

Solution: Router, Ping, ARP, Switch, MAC







Problem: Host Not on or Has Left the LAN

Symptoms:

- All Services on That Host Are Unavailable
- Pings to the Host Time Out
- Captures Show Continuous ARPs for That Host

Solution: Power-on or Connect the Host





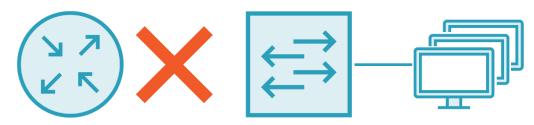


Problem: Default Gateway Misconfigured or Lost

Symptoms:

- Anything Outside LAN Unavailable
- Pings to the Gateway Time Out
- Hosts Can Communicate with Each Other
- Captures Show All Hosts ARP'ing for the Gateway

Solution: Repair Connectivity to the Gateway







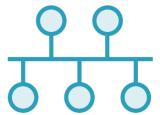
Problem: Incorrect Subnet Mask Configuration

Symptoms:

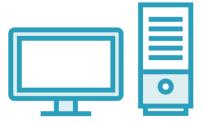
- Host/Network Connectivity Sporadic
- IP Dependent
- Captures Show Un-replied ARPs for Systems 'on' the Same Subnet

Solution: Correct the Mask

LAN IP: 10.5.5.0 /24



Host IP: 10.5.5.37 /8







Problem: Switch VLAN Misconfiguration

Symptoms:

- A
- B
- C

Solution: ??

