Clean vs Malicious



Malware Verdict



OFTEN EASY

often small samples

often obviously malicious

except when they are not ...



Malware Verdict



CHALLENGING CASES 1

Trojanized software: patched legitimate programs

big code base

most code is clean



Malware Verdict



CHALLENGING CASES 2

Packed program with no indication of anything but that is an unpacking problem! will be handled later

Malware Verdict - Differentiation



BEWARE OF GRAYWARE

patched software that is cracked is grayware



Clean Verdict



DIFFICULT

clean software can have huge code base

you cannot analyse everything



Clean Verdict



DIFFICULT

proving absence of malicious code often not possible

--> often you cannot be 100% sure

set a maximum analysis time!



Clean Verdict - Triage



• program and company name



• valid? manipulated?



HOW WIDE-SPREAD

• submission numbers and sources



• first submission date



RESEARCH SOFTWARE

• website and publisher



Clean Verdict - Main Analysis



SET MAX ANALYSIS TIME

• don't analyse forever!



REASON FOR SUBMISSION

• submitter may think something is suspicious that is actually not



• no purpose? --> junk



• bin diff tool in disassembler



- main function, export functions ...
- cctor in .NET



SUSPICIOUS ITEMS FROM TRIAGE



Free tools for binary diffing

VBINDIFF

only for finding small changes but everything must be at the same offset use to get first idea

MELD

text comparison, finds also insertions etc can compare decompiled code, e.g.: DnSpy --> export to project, then meld

BINDIFF

similarity of disassembled function blocks for Ghidra use additionally BinExport

PORTEXANALYZER

compare hashes of sections compare images with your eye --pdiff option for visualized diff of 2 PE files



Finding certificate manipulation

ANALYZEPESIG BY DIDIER STEVENS

Check these values:

- Bytes after signature: must be 0
- Bytes after PKCS7 signature: must be 0-7
- Bytes after PKCS7 signature not zero: must be 0

